ASPOCOMP GROUP OYJ   STOCK EXCHANGE RELEASE   November 3, 2006 at 8:00 AM

ASPOCOMP'S INTERIM REPORT JANUARY 1 – SEPTEMBER 30, 2006

- Net sales: EUR 110.7 million (EUR 96.2 million in 1-9/2005). Net sales grew by 15.0 percent and net sales of the Asian plants grew by 37.5 percent.

- Operating profit: EUR –13.0 million (-12.6). The decline was mostly due to the ongoing conversion project at the Salo plant. Operating profit of the Asian plants grew markedly.

- Earnings per share: EUR -0.83 (-0.65).

- Cash flow from operations: EUR 0.8 million (5.4).

- Investments: EUR 17.9 million (13.8).

- Per-share cash flow after investments: EUR -0.78 (-0.36).

The report and reference period figures do not include the Mechanics and Modules divisions divested in September 2005 and August 2006, respectively.

JULY-SEPTEMBER IN BRIEF

Net sales and operating profit, EUR million

	7-9/2006	change, %	7-9/2005
Net sales	37.7	19.3	31.6
Operating profit	-4.3		-4.7

Net sales grew somewhat on the reference quarter mainly as a result of the excellent performance of the Suzhou, China plant and improvement in the net sales of the Sriracha, Thailand and Oulu, Finland plants. Net sales of the Salo, Finland plant continued to decline, although at a slower rate, due to the plant's ongoing conversion project and a limited volume of newer products.

The Group’s net sales per plant were as follows:
- the Finnish plants, 33 percent (41%)
- the Asian plants, 67 percent (59%)

The Group’s net sales by market area were as follows:
- Europe, 58 percent (52%)
- Asia, 26 percent (39%)
- the Americas, 16 percent (9%)

The Group's net sales per product area were as follows:
- handheld devices and telecom networks, 61 percent (69%)
- automotive, industrial and consumer electronics, 39 percent (31%)

Profit in the July-September period was up on the previous quarter, as expected. Operating profit before depreciation was EUR 0.1 million (–0.2) and operating profit totaled EUR –4.3 million (-4.7).

Operating profit of the Chinese plant picked up markedly. Although improving on the April-June period, the heavy losses of the Salo plant still kept the Group’s operating profit on a par with the reference quarter. In addition, the profit of the Thai plant fell sharply into the red during the last quarter, mainly attributable to unexpected technological problems. Material costs rose temporarily due to problems with outsourcing.

The Group's net financial expenses were EUR -0.5 million (0.0) and the profit for the period was EUR –4.5 million (-4.5). Earnings per share were EUR –0.27 (-0.27).

OUTLOOK FOR THE FUTURE

The full-year net sales and profit of the Aspocomp Group are forecast to improve somewhat compared with the previous year. The result for the last quarter is anticipated to improve on the third quarter; however, the full-year result will be clearly unprofitable due to the Salo plant's performance.

MAIJA-LIISA FRIMAN, PRESIDENT AND CEO:

"The third quarter of the year was dissatisfying as the conversion project continued at the Salo, Finland plant and production suffered from a below average capacity utilization rate. In contrast, the yield of the new products, well below expectations during the first half of the year, was gradually improving during the July-September period.

Installation, start-up and testing of the two new plating lines at the Salo plant proceeded according to plan during the third quarter. When the new lines are in full use, the manufacturing process can be shortened and various process steps left out, which will cut manufacturing costs. The latest production runs for the new products have given promising results.

The result for the period was also somewhat affected by the Thai plant's sharp fall into the red during the third quarter of the year. This was mostly attributable to a temporary rise in material costs due to problems with outsourcing, which was conducted to meet customer delivery schedules. In addition, the plant faced unexpected technical problems that are currently being solved.

In contrast, the Chinese plant continued to excel, boasting steadily increasing profits as its HDI PCB capacity was fully booked. As a result, the operating profit of the Asian plants grew briskly on the reference period.

The HDI PCB market continued to grow throughout the January-September period. Market researchers forecast that in 2006, technologically complex HDI PCBs will account for about 13 percent of global PCB production, totaling around USD 43 billion (about EUR 34 billion) globally. Asian PCB production is forecast to grow by about 12 percent, whereas production in the rest of the world is expected to decline somewhat.

The project to build a new HDI PCB plant in Chennai, India proceeded according to plan. Piling works for the plant started on October 4, 2006.

After the review period, Aspocomp and GE Capital Solutions, Global Electronics Services executed a term sheet that provides EUR 10 million of equipment financing for the new Chennai facility."

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD MARKET

PCB demand in the global telecom network and automotive segments remained good during the review period. Solid growth in the handheld devices segment continued and Aspocomp's customers reported strong performance. Although average device prices continued to fall throughout the report period, the global volumes of products using high-end PCBs remained strong. Limited supply and raising material costs worked against the normal price erosion trend.

According to market estimates, overall global PCB production in the July-September period grew by almost 5 percent on the previous quarter. In Asia, production grew by almost 6 percent and excluding Japan, almost 7 percent according to industry evaluations. Furthermore, demanding HDI PCB production increased even faster than total PCB production and in China, in particular, it was estimated to have grown by almost 9 percent since the end of previous quarter.

NET SALES AND OPERATING PROFIT, JANUARY-SEPTEMBER

Net sales and operating profit, EUR million

	1-9/2006	change, %	1-9/2005
Net sales	110.7	15.0	96.2
Operating profit	-13.0		-12.6

The Aspocomp Group’s net sales for the January-September period were EUR 110.7 million (96.2), growing by 15.0 percent on the reference period in line with expectations.

Although the net sales posted by the Oulu plant were clearly higher than in the corresponding period last year, the total comparable net sales of the Salo and Oulu plants in Finland declined by 10 percent (down 28%) due to the Salo plant's conversion project. This cut into the yield and the share of total production accounted for by new technology products, particularly in the first half of the year. On the other hand, the July-September period suffered mostly from the Salo plant's smaller than average load. As a result, the plant's net sales for the report period did not measure up to the figures of the reference period.

However, the decline was clearly offset by strong growth at the Chinese plant in particular, where sales of the higher-margin HDI printed circuit boards were brisk and capacity was fully booked. The net sales of the Thai plant showed clear improvement. The net sales of the Asian plants were up 37.5 percent (down 2.6%).

The Group’s net sales per plant were as follows:
- the Finnish plants, 37 percent (47%)
- the Asian plants, 63 percent (53%)

The share of the Asian plants increased compared with the reference period, in line with the strategy.

The Group’s net sales by market area were as follows:
- Europe, 55 percent (61%)
- Asia, 29 percent (30%)
- the Americas, 16 percent (9%)

The Group's net sales per product area were as follows:
- handheld devices and telecom networks, 66 percent (71%)
- automotive, industrial and consumer electronics, 34 percent (29%)

During the review period, the share of Aspocomp's overall PCB production accounted for by HDI PCBs totaled 54 percent.

Aspocomp's five largest customers during the January-September period were Elcoteq, Nokia, Philips, Siemens and Wabco. The five largest customers accounted for 54 percent of net sales (55%).

Operating profit before depreciation was EUR -0.1 million (1.1), or -0.1 percent (1.2%) of net sales. Operating profit was EUR –13.0 million (-12.6).

Although the profit of the Chinese plant improved markedly on the reference period, the heavy losses of the Salo plant cut into the Group's profitability during the review period. Profit at the Oulu plant improved on the reference period and was clearly in the black.

Profitability of the Thai plant picked up somewhat during the first half of the year; however, it declined sharply in the July-September period. This was mainly attributable to a temporary rise in material costs due to problems with outsourcing, as well as unexpected technical problems.

The Group's net financial expenses were EUR -1.1 million (-0.6). The profit for the period was EUR –13.9 million (-11.4) and earnings per share were EUR –0.83 (-0.49).

Cash flow from operations amounted to EUR 0.8 million (5.4) and investments to EUR 17.9 million (13.8). Per-share cash flow after investments was EUR –0.78 (-0.36).

FINANCING, INVESTMENTS AND EQUITY RATIO

The Aspocomp Group's consolidated cash flow during the review period was positive due to the strong financial performance of the Chinese joint venture. The Group's consolidated net liquid assets at the end of the period amounted to EUR 15.5 million (16.2). Aspocomp Group Oyj's liquid funds, including unused limits, were EUR 3.2 million (9.7).

Interest-bearing net debt rose to EUR 45.6 million (19.7). The figure contains EUR 20.9 million (20.2) in financial lease liabilities. Gearing was 53.0 percent (16.7%), rising due to the poor performance and increased debt level, and non-interest-bearing liabilities amounted to EUR 41.8 million (37.9).

Investments amounted to EUR 17.9 million (13.8), representing 16.0 percent (12.0%) of net sales. They were primarily earmarked for the technological investments at the Salo plant and the expansion of the HDI line at the Chinese plant. Capital expenditures in Asia were EUR 8.7 million (7.4) and EUR 9.2 million (6.4) in Europe. Net financial expenses were 1.0 percent of net sales (0.6%).

The Group's equity ratio at the end of September stood at 45.5 percent (63.7%).

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The Group's research and development expenditure amounted to EUR 3.0 million (3.4), or 2.7 percent (3.5%) of net sales.

During the review period, the key focus of technology development was on HDI semi-flex PCBs. The development project for one flex layer HDI semi-flex PCBs was in the final phase of industrialization. The first material combination for two flex layer HDI semi-flex PCBs, including reliability tests, was ready for industrialization. The materials selection process was continued to achieve the most cost-effective and reliable combination for both one and two flex layer applications.

The embedded passive components development project was completed and fully documented. The related industrialization project can be started up on request.

An investment plan was initiated for volume production of Any Layer Microvia type PCBs, including a solution to the challenges posed by the design requirements of 0.4 mm fine pitch components. Evaluation of new materials commenced during the review period in order to meet the high frequency requirement of such designs.

Optoelectronics and printable electronics were in the research stage. In addition, the Group initiated a pre-study for applying the HDI rigid-flex concept to dynamic flexible applications, i.e. handheld applications using hinges.

DIVESTMENT OF THE MODULES DIVISION

On August 9, 2006, Aspocomp Oy and Aspocomp Technology Oy, subsidiaries of Aspocomp Group Oyj, agreed to sell the Group's Modules division and modules-related research and development to Finland-based Selmic Oy. The transaction included business operations as well as the current and fixed assets of the Oulu modules plant and modules research and development. The Modules division generated about 10 percent of the Group's net sales. The 150 personnel transferred to Selmic under their existing employment terms. In addition to the transaction, the companies agreed on the long-term lease of the modules plant to Selmic. Due to the divestment, Aspocomp became a dedicated PCB company.

SHARES AND SHARE CAPITAL

The total number of Aspocomp’s shares at September 30, 2006, was 20,082,052. The book countervalue of the share was EUR 1.00 and the share capital stood at EUR 20,082,052. Of the total shares outstanding, the company held 200,000 treasury shares with a book counter value of EUR 200,000, representing 1.0 percent of the aggregate votes conferred by all the shares. The number of shares adjusted for the treasury shares was 19,882,052.

A total of 6,088,182 Aspocomp Group Oyj shares were traded on the Helsinki Stock Exchange during the period from January 1 to September 30, 2006. The aggregate value of the shares exchanged was EUR 19,329,893. The shares traded at a low of EUR 2.25 (September 28, 2006) and a high of EUR 4.06 (January 9, 2006). The average share price was EUR 3.08. The closing price at September 30, 2006, was EUR 2.31 and the company had a market capitalization of EUR 45.9 million, adjusted for the number of treasury shares. At the end of the period, nominee-registered shares accounted for 5.36 percent of the total shares and 1.44 percent were directly held by non-Finnish owners.

On March 13, 2006, the Board of Directors of Aspocomp Group Oyj decided on a share-based incentive plan, which consequently came into force due to the decision of the Annual General Meeting on April 10 to issue stock options. The plan is directed at around 12 members of the senior management. The potential reward from the plan will be paid in 2007 partly as shares in the company and partly in cash. The reward includes a prohibition to transfer the shares within two years from the end of the payment period. The potential reward from the plan will be based on the earnings per share (EPS) of the Group. In addition, the CEO and the Executive Committee of the company must own the shares in a certain proportion to their annual gross salary as long as they remain in the employ or service of the Group.

The Annual General Meeting of April 10, 2006, authorized the Board of Directors to decide on increasing the share capital through one or several new subscriptions and/or one or several convertible loans and/or issuing option rights. The share capital may be increased by a maximum of EUR 4,016,410.

The Board was authorized to decide on the conveyance of a maximum of 200,000 of the company's own shares. The shares may be used to finance and facilitate corporate acquisitions or other arrangements, or for key personnel incentives, or they may be sold in public trading.

The meeting decided to issue stock options to the key personnel of the Aspocomp Group as well as to a wholly owned subsidiary of Aspocomp Group Oyj as part of an incentive and commitment program. The maximum total number of stock options issued will be 930,000. The share subscription period for the stock options 2006A, 2006B and 2006C will commence only if certain criteria, decided by the Board of Directors, have been fulfilled. The share subscription periods will be May 1, 2008 — May 31, 2010, May 1, 2009 — May 31, 2011, and May 1, 2010 — May 31, 2012, respectively.

PERSONNEL

During the review period, the Aspocomp Group had an average of 3,336 employees (3,213). The personnel count on September 30, 2006 was 3,335 (3,181). Of them, 2,364 were non-salaried and 971 salaried employees. 3,311 personnel worked in PCB production and 24 in Group administration.

Personnel by region, average
January-September

	2006	change, %	2005
Europe	693	-8.1	754
Asia	2,643	7.5	2,459
Total	3,336	3.8	3,213

On March 1, 2006, Balachandran a/l Lakshmanan was appointed as Project Manager and Petri Kangas as Chief Financial Officer of the India HDI PCB plant project.

On April 10, 2006, Tapio Engström (42), M.Sc.(Econ), was appointed Chief Financial Officer and Deputy to the CEO, effective July 1, 2006. Mr. Engström was previously Director, Finance, at Vaisala Corporation. Aspocomp's previous Chief Financial Officer, Pertti Vuorinen (56), was appointed Chief Financial Officer for Aspocomp's Asia-Pacific operations and a member of the Extended Management Team of the Aspocomp Group, effective July 1, 2006. He is based in Suzhou, China. In financial matters, Mr. Vuorinen reports to Tapio Engström, and in expansion projects to CEO Maija-Liisa Friman.

The Group continued to implement the HR development process, adopted during the first quarter, to achieve consistency in operating methods and documentation in different countries.

A job satisfaction survey was carried out in Finland during the third quarter of the year. Clearly over half of those surveyed were content with their job, and the results indicated an increase in overall satisfaction compared with the previous survey in 2004. The personnel were most content with communication and management effectiveness, company identification and teamwork. Of these, satisfaction with communication effectiveness increased the most. The participants were least satisfied with their performance appraisals and personal development as well as rewards and benefits.

BOARD AND AUDITORS

The Annual General Meeting of Aspocomp Group Oyj on April 10, 2006, decided that the number of the Board members is six. Aimo Eloholma, Roberto Lencioni, Tuomo Lähdesmäki, Gustav Nyberg and Anssi Soila were re-elected as Board members and Yoshiki Sasaki, a Japanese citizen, was elected as a new member. At its organization meeting the Board re-elected Tuomo Lähdesmäki as Chairman, and Yoshiki Sasaki was appointed as Vice Chairman. The Board elected Aimo Eloholma, Roberto Lencioni and Tuomo Lähdesmäki as members of the Compensation and Nomination Committees. Gustav Nyberg, Anssi Soila and Yoshiki Sasaki were elected as members of the Audit Committee.

The meeting decided that the annual and per-meeting remunerations to the members of the Board of Directors remain the same as in 2005. In addition to the annual remuneration, the member of the Board residing abroad will receive EUR 1,500 per meeting and be reimbursed for reasonable travel and accommodation expenses. In accordance with their decision of May 5, the Board members have used 40 percent of their annual remuneration to acquire the company's shares from the market. The shares may not be conveyed before the Annual General Meeting of 2007.

The Annual General Meeting re-appointed the authorized public accounting firm PricewaterhouseCoopers Oy as auditor for 2006.

EXPANSION IN ASIA

On January 3, 2006, Aspocomp Group Oyj announced that its subsidiary P.C.B. Center (Thailand) Co., Ltd was renamed Aspocomp (Thailand) Co., Ltd. The Group's total holding in the Thai subsidiary amounts to about 83 percent.

Aspocomp made a decision in principle on January 17, 2006, to expand its HDI business by building a printed circuit board plant in Chennai, India. It will be the first high-tech HDI PCB plant in India. The total investment is expected to amount to about EUR 75 million, of which about EUR 60 million is earmarked for building and machinery and EUR 15 million for working capital and start-up costs. The project will be financed with long-term loans raised by the parent company and the Indian subsidiary. The plant is scheduled to go on stream in the second half of 2007. The company Aspocomp Electronics India Pvt. Ltd. was registered in April. On May 5, 2006, the Board of Directors confirmed the investment.

On June 4, 2006, the Group established a trading company in Shanghai, China.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORT PERIOD

Piling works for the HDI PCB plant in Chennai, India started on October 4, 2006.

On October 10, 2006, Reijo Savolainen (50) was appointed Senior Vice President, Salo plant. Savolainen has previously worked as Senior Vice President responsible for the Aspocomp Group's Mechanics and Modules division. While in charge of the Salo plant, he remains a member of the Group's Executive Management Team and reports to CEO Maija-Liisa Friman.

In the cases against Aspocomp by the former employees of Aspocomp S.A.S., the French Supreme Court re-registered Aspocomp’s appeal for further proceedings on October 11, 2006. All except one of the former employees gave their consent for the re-registration. Aspocomp placed a security against the consent to secure its potential payment obligations under the First Appellate Court decisions. It paid a compensation of EUR 30,702 to one employee in accordance with the decision of the First Appellate Court. If the Supreme Court annuls the decision of the First Appellate Court, Aspocomp will have the right to reclaim the compensation. The decision of the Supreme Court is expected during the spring of 2007.

On November 2, 2006, Aspocomp and GE Capital Solutions, Global Electronics Services executed a term sheet that provides EUR 10 million of equipment financing for the new Chennai, India HDI PCB facility.

OUTLOOK FOR THE FUTURE

Aspocomp is entering a significant growth phase that will first be reflected in the strong growth of net sales. Due to investments required for the expansion and start-up phase of the Indian plant, the strong positive effect of the growth on the company’s profit will become markedly visible starting 2008.

Aspocomp’s main priority in 2006 is to focus the company's resources on developing its market position and competitiveness, serving the main customers and increasing cost-effectiveness. The decision to build a HDI plant in India supports growth, and the company continuously investigates options for growth in Asia. The company anticipates that during the present year the building of the India plant will proceed, the benefits of the boosted capacity of the Chinese plant will be reflected in the profit, and volume production will expand at the Asian plants. The Salo plant's conversion project will continue.

The full-year net sales and profit of the Aspocomp Group are forecast to improve somewhat compared with the previous year. The result for the last quarter is anticipated to improve on the third quarter; however, the full-year result will be clearly unprofitable due to the Salo plant's performance.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This interim report has been prepared in accordance with the IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards) recognition and valuation principles. The Aspocomp Group adopted IFRS reporting on January 1, 2005, and the current accounting policies are consistent with the financial statements for 2005.

INCOME STATEMENT, JULY-SEPTEMBER		7-9/06		7-9/05
	MEUR	%	MEUR	%
NET SALES	37,7	100,0	31,6	100,0
Other operating income	1,0	2,7	0,5	1,4
Materials and services	-21,7	-57,6	-15,8	-50,0
Personnel expenses	-8,4	-22,3	-8,0	-25,3
Other operating expenses	-8,5	-22,1	-8,6	-26,9
Depreciation and amortization	-4,4	-11,7	-4,4	-13,9
OPERATING PROFIT	-4,3	-11,5	-4,7	-14,7

Financial income and expenses	-0,5	-1,4	0,0	0,1
PROFIT ON CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE TAX	-4,9	-12,9	-4,7	-14,7
Taxes	0,0	0,0	-0,1	-0,4
PROFIT ON CONTINUING OPERATIONS	-4,9	-13,0	-4,8	-15,0
Profit on discontinuing operations	0,4	1,0	0,3	0,9
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	-4,5	-12,0	-4,5	-14,2
Profit attributable to				
minority interests	0,7	1,9	0,8	2,6
equity shareholders	-5,2	-13,8	-5,3	-16,8

INCOME STATEMENT,

JANUARY-SEPTEMBER		1-9/06		1-9/05		1-12/05
	MEUR	%	MEUR	%	MEUR	%
NET SALES	110,7	100,0	96,2	100,0	136,7	100,0
Other operating income	2,1	1,9	0,9	0,9	1,3	1,0
Materials and services	-59,7	-53,9	-46,4	-48,2	-67,0	-49,0
Personnel expenses	-26,6	-24,0	-24,9	-25,9	-34,1	-25,0
Other operating expenses	-26,6	-11,7	-24,7	-25,7	-36,8	-25,7
Depreciation and amortization	-12,9	-11,7	-13,7	-14,2	-18,0	-13,2
OPERATING PROFIT	-13,0	-1,0	-12,6	-13,1	-17,9	-13,1
Financial income and expenses	-1,1	0,0	-0,6	-0,6	-0,9	-0,7
PROFIT ON CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE TAX	-14,1	-12,7	-13,2	-13,7	-18,8	-13,7
Taxes	0,0	0,0	-0,3	-0,3	-5,6	-4,1
PROFIT ON CONTINUING OPERATIONS	-14,1	-12,7	-12,9	-13,4	-24,4	-17,8
Profit on discontinuing operations	0,2	0,0	1,5	1,6	1,0	0,7
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	-13,9	-12,6	-11,4	-11,9	-23,4	-17,1
Profit attributable to						

minority interests	2,7	2,4	1,6	1,7	1,9	1,4
equity shareholders	-16,6	-15,0	-13,0	-13,5	-25,3	-18,5

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

ASSETS	9/06 MEUR	9/05 MEUR	Change %	12/05 MEUR
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Intangible assets	5,0	5,5	-9,6	4,6
Tangible assets	96,7	85,4	13,4	93,8
Investments in associated companies	0,2	0,0		0,2
Investment property	3,4	2,9	18,4	2,9
Available for sale investments	0,4	0,3	55,1	0,3
Deferred income tax assets	0,2	4,0	0,0	0,2
Other long-term receivables	8,1	9,7	-93,8	7,5
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	114,1	107,8	5,9	109,5
CURRENT ASSETS				
Inventories	19,4	15,6	24,4	15,6
Short-term receivables	39,3	35,3	11,3	35,7
Available for sale investments	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Cash and bank deposits	15,5	16,2	-4,2	16,1
Assets held for sale	0,6	9,5	-93,3	8,7
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	74,9	76,6	-2,3	76,1
TOTAL ASSETS	189,0	184,4	2,5	185,6
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Share capital	20,1	20,1	0,0	20,1
Share premium fund	27,9	73,9	-62,2	27,9
Treasury shares	-0,8	-0,8	0,0	-0,8
Special reserve fund	46,0	0,0		46,0
Revaluation and other funds	0,0	0,0		0,1
Retained earnings	-35,2	-5,6		-17,0
Equity attributable to shareholders	58,1	87,6	-33,7	76,3
Minority interest	27,9	29,8	-6,2	30,9
TOTAL EQUITY	86,0	117,4	-26,7	107,2
Long-term borrowings	18,3	19,1	-3,8	18,0
Provisions	1,4	1,7	-16,9	1,4
Short-term borrowings	42,8	16,8	155,0	23,3
Trade and other payables	39,7	27,3	45,6	34,7
Liabilities held for sale	0,7	2,2	-69,3	1,0

TOTAL LIABILITIES	102,9	67,0	53,7	78,4
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	189,0	184,4	2,5	185,6

CONSOLIDATED CHANGES IN EQUITY, JANUARY-SEPTEMBER

	Share capital	Share premium fund	Special reserve fund	Revaluation and other funds	Treasury shares	Translation differences	Retained earnings	Minority interest	Total equity
Balance at 31.12.2005	20,1	27,9	46,0	0,1	-0,8	-2,2	-14,8	30,9	107,2
Translation differences						-1,9		-1,7	-3,7
Net profit							-16,6	2,7	-13,9
Other items				-0,1			0,4		0,4
Reduce of subsidiary equity								-3,9	-3,9
Balance at 30.9.2006	20,1	27,9	46,0	0,0	-0,8	-4,2	-31,0	28,0	86,0

CONSOLIDATED CHANGES IN EQUITY, JULY-SEPTEMBER

	Share capital	Share premium fund	Special reserve fund	Revaluation and other funds	Treasury shares	Translation differences	Retained earnings	Minority interest	Total equity
Balance at 30.6.2006	20,1	27,9	46,0	0,1	-0,8	-4,6	-25,8	30,8	93,7

Trans- lation differ- ences						0,4		0,4	0,8
Net profit							-5,2	0,7	-4,5
Other items				-0,1					0,0
Reduce of subsidiary equity								-3,9	-3,9
Balance at 30.9.2006	20,1	27,9	46,0	0,0	-0,8	-4,2	-31,0	28,0	86,0

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT, JULY-SEPTEMBER	7-9/06 MEUR	7-9/05 MEUR
Cash flow from operations	3,1	2,4
Cash flow from investments	-5,8	-3,6
Cash flow before financial items	-2,7	-1,2
Change in long-term and short-term financing	4,6	-4,1
Dividends paid	0,0	0,0
Return of subsidiary equity to minority	-4,0	
Minority interest in the subsidiary share issue		4,0
Cash flow from financing	0,6	0,0
Change in cash and cash equivalents	-1,8	1,2
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	15,5	16,2

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT, JANUARY-SEPTEMBER	1-9/06 MEUR	1-9/05 MEUR	1-12/05 MEUR
Cash flow from operations	0,8	5,4	12,7
Cash flow from investments	-16,2	-12,6	-24,7
Cash flow before financial items	-15,4	-7,2	-12,0
Change in long-term and short-term financing	19,4	-9,6	-4,8
Dividends paid		-6,0	-6,0
Minority interest in the subsidiary share issue		4,0	4,0
Return of subsidiary equity to minority	-4,0		
Cash flow from financing	15,4	-11,5	-6,7
Change in cash and cash equivalents	-0,6	-18,7	-17,1
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	15,5	16,2	16,1

KEY FINANCIAL INDICATORS	9/06	9/05	12/05

Return on investment (ROI),%	-11,6	-8,8	-9,9
Return on equity (ROE),%	-19,2	-12,6	-19,9
Equity per share, EUR	2,92	4,41	3,84
Equity ratio, %	45,5	63,7	57,8
Gearing, %	53,0	16,7	23,5
Gross investments, MEUR	17,9	13,8	25,9
Average number of personnel	3 336	3 213	3 216

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES	9/06 MEUR	12/05 MEUR
Mortgages given for security for liabilities	16,2	23,7
Operating lease liabilities	0,1	0,1
Other liabilities	2,2	2,2
Total	18,5	26,0

All figures are unaudited.

Helsinki, November 3, 2006

ASPOCOMP GROUP OYJ

Board of Directors

Maija-Liisa Friman
President and CEO

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